## Complex functions for Engineering Students

## Sheet 6 (Homework)

## Exercise 1:

- a) Let C be the unit circle |z| = 1 traversed once in the mathematically positive direction.
  - (i) Compute  $\int_C \frac{1}{(e^z i)} dz$ .
  - (ii) For a function analytic on  $\mathbb{C}$ , it is given that |f(z)| = 4 everywhere on the curve C and f(0) = 4i. What must f look like?
- b) Let  $\,C\,$  be a smooth closed piecewise  $\,C^1\,$  curve without double points. When is the integral

$$I(C) := \int\limits_C \frac{z}{z^2 + 1} \, dz$$

defined?

What values can the integral take if it is defined?

**Exercise 2:** Determine the Laurent series for the following functions at the point of expansion  $z_0$ , which converges to f(-3/2) at the point z = -3/2.

a)  $f(z) = z^3 \cos(\frac{1}{z}), \qquad z_0 = 0,$ 

b) 
$$f(z) = \frac{z^2 + 1}{z^2 + z - 2}$$
,  $z_0 = 0$ ,

- c)  $f(z) = \frac{3}{z^2 + z 2}$ ,  $z_0 = 1$ ,
- d)  $f(z) = \frac{1}{(z-i)^3}$ ,  $z_0 = 1+i$ .

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