

Differential Equations II for Engineering Students

Homework sheet 6

Exercise 1:

- a) Determine the solution to the initial value problem

$$\begin{aligned} u_t - 4u_{xx} &= 0, \quad 0 < x < 1, t \in \mathbb{R}^+, \\ u(x, 0) &= x - \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}x\right), \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ u(0, t) &= u(1, t) = 0, \quad t > 0. \end{aligned}$$

Hint for the integration: $\sin(\alpha x)\sin(\gamma x) = \cos(\alpha x - \gamma x) - \cos(\alpha x + \gamma x)$.

- b) We consider the following initial value problem for $u = u(x, t)$:

$$\begin{aligned} u_t - 2u_{xx} &= -2xe^{-2t} + \sin(2\pi x), & x \in (0, 2), t > 0, \\ u(x, 0) &= 1 + \frac{x}{2} + 3\sin(3\pi x), & x \in [0, 2], \\ u(0, t) &= 1, \quad u(2, t) = 2e^{-2t}, & t \geq 0. \end{aligned} \tag{1}$$

- (i) Show that the homogenization of the boundary values with suitably defined function v gives the following problem:

$$\begin{aligned} v_t - 2v_{xx} &= \sin(2\pi x), & x \in (0, 2), t > 0, \\ v(x, 0) &= 3\sin(3\pi x), & x \in [0, 2], \\ v(0, t) &= v(2, t) = 0, & t \geq 0. \end{aligned} \tag{2}$$

- (ii) Solve the initial value problem (2) from part i).

Exercise 2: Solve the initial value problem:

$$\begin{aligned} u_{tt} - 4u_{xx} &= 3 \sin(2\pi x) \cdot e^{-2t} & x \in (0, 1), t > 0 \\ u(x, 0) = u_0(x) &= \sin(\pi x) + 4 \sin(2\pi x) & x \in [0, 1], \\ u_t(x, 0) = v_0(x) &= 0 & x \in [0, 1], \\ u(0, t) &= 0 & t > 0, \\ u(1, t) &= 0 & t > 0, \end{aligned}$$

Hint: Insert the ansatz

$$u(x, t) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} q_k(t) \sin(k\omega x), \quad \omega = \frac{\pi}{1}$$

in the differential equation. You will obtain an ODE for q_k .

The initial values will give initial values for q_k .

Hand in: 01.07.- 05.07.2024