

Exam Differential Equations II
26. August 2024

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Task no.	Points	Evaluator
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Exercise 1: [5 Points]

Given the following initial value problem

$$u_t + \frac{1}{t+1} \cdot u_x = u \quad \text{for} \quad x \in \mathbb{R}, \ t > 0,$$

$$u(x, 0) = e^{-x} \quad \text{for} \quad x \in \mathbb{R},$$

- a) state the characteristic equations for this problem and determine their solutions,
- b) solve the initial value problem.

Exercise 2: [4+1 Points]

Given the following initial value problem for $u(x, t)$

$$u_t + u \cdot u_x = 0, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}, t \in \mathbb{R}^+$$

$$u(x, 0) = \begin{cases} 2 & \text{for } x \leq -1, \\ 0 & \text{for } -1 < x \leq 0, \\ 1 & \text{for } 0 < x, \end{cases}$$

- a) determine the physically reasonable solution of the initial value problem for $0 < t < 1$.
- b) Why does the solution formula from a) only hold for $t < 1$?

Exercise 3: [1+2,5+2,5 Points]

Determine the bounded solution of the following boundary value problems for the Laplace equations: You can give the solutions in cartesian or polar coordinates.

$$\text{a) } \begin{cases} \Delta u = 0 & \text{in } \Omega_1 := \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^2, x^2 + y^2 < 25 \right\}, \\ u(x, y) = 4 & \text{for } x^2 + y^2 = 25. \end{cases}$$

$$\text{b) } \begin{cases} \Delta u = 0 & \text{in } \Omega_1 := \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^2, x^2 + y^2 < 25 \right\}, \\ u(x, y) = u(r \cos(\phi), r \sin(\phi)) = 3 \sin(2\phi) & \text{for } x^2 + y^2 = 25. \end{cases}$$

$$\text{c) } \begin{cases} \Delta u = 0 & \text{in } \Omega_2 := \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^2, 1 < x^2 + y^2 < 25 \right\} \\ u(x, y) = 4 & \text{for } x^2 + y^2 = 1, \\ u(x, y) = 2 & \text{for } x^2 + y^2 = 25. \end{cases}$$

Exercise 4: [3+1 Points]

Given the following initial boundary value problem

$$\begin{aligned} u_t - 16u_{xx} &= 4 \cos(t) \left(1 - \frac{x}{2\pi}\right) && \text{for } x \in (0, 2\pi), t > 0, \\ u(x, 0) &= \frac{x}{2\pi} && \text{for } x \in [0, 2\pi], \\ u(0, t) &= 4 \sin(t), \quad u(2\pi, t) = 1 && \text{for } t > 0. \end{aligned}$$

- a) transfer this problem into an initial boundary value problem with homogeneous boundary data for a function $v(x, t)$ via a suitable homogenization.

Write down the new initial boundary value problem (differential equation, initial values, boundary values).

- b) Write down a solution v for the initial boundary value problem with homogeneous boundary data from part a) without any computations. What is the corresponding solution u of the original problem?

