Differential Equations II for Engineering Students Homework sheet 5

Exercise 1:

a) We are looking for a solution of the Laplace equation $\Delta v(x,y) = 0$ in a rotationally symmetric area, for example in a circle. The area can then be better described using polar coordinates. This is done as follows

 $x = r \cos \phi$, $y = r \sin \phi$, and

$$v(x(r,\phi), y(r,\phi)) = u(r,\phi)$$

Show that for $r \neq 0$ the following equivalence holds:

$$r^2 u_{rr} + r u_r + u_{\varphi\varphi} = 0 \iff r^2 \left(v_{xx} + v_{yy} \right) = 0$$

b) Find a solution to the following boundary value problem:

$$\Delta(v) = 0 \quad \text{für } 1 < x^2 + y^2 < 4,$$

$$v(x, y) = 1 \quad \text{auf } x^2 + y^2 = 1,$$

$$v(x, y) = 2 \quad \text{auf } x^2 + y^2 = 4.$$

Hint: Use polar coordinates. The boundary data are independent of ϕ . So try the ansatz

$$v(x,y) = u(r,\phi) = w(r).$$

Exercise 2:

a) Show that through $a_k = 0, \forall k \in \mathbb{N}_0, \quad \beta_k = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } k \in \mathbb{N} \text{ even,} \\ -\frac{8}{(k\pi)^3} & \text{for } k \in \mathbb{N} \text{ odd} \end{cases}$

the Fourier coefficients of the Fourier series

$$\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(a_k \cos(k\pi y) + \beta_k \sin(k\pi y) \right)$$

of the odd, 2-periodic continuation of

$$g(y) = y^2 - y, \ 0 \le y \le 1$$

are given.

b) Determine with the help of an appropriate product ansatz and by using a) the solution of the following boundary value problem

$\Delta u(x,y) = 0$	$x \in (0,1), \ y \in (0,1),$
u(x,0) = 0	$x \in \left[0, 1\right],$
u(x,1) = 0	$x \in \left[0, 1\right],$
$u(0,y) = g(y) = y^2 - y$	$y\in\left[0,1\right] ,$
u(1,y) = 0	$y \in [0,1]$.