# Differential Equations II for Engineering Students 

## Homework sheet 2

## Exercise 1: [5 Points]

Compute the solution to the following initial value problem for $u(x, t)$ :

$$
\begin{array}{lr}
u_{t}-\sin (t) u_{x}=\cos (t), & x \in \mathbb{R}, t \in \mathbb{R}^{+}, \\
u(x, 0)=\exp \left(-x^{2}\right)=e^{-x^{2}} & x \in \mathbb{R} .
\end{array}
$$

Exercise 2: $\quad[6=2+1+2+1$ points $]$
Given are the following differential equations for $u(x, t), u: \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}^{+} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$
A) $u_{t}+20 u_{x}=21 u$.
B) $u_{t}+20 u u_{x}=21$.
C) $u_{t}-5 u^{2} u_{x}=0$.
D) $u_{t}+5(x+1) u_{x}=0$.
with the initial condition

$$
u(x, 0)=u_{0}(x), \quad x \in \mathbb{R}
$$

where $u_{0}: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is a monotonically increasing and continuously differentiable function.
For which of the differential equations $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{D}$ do the following statements i) and/or ii) hold for the solution of the associated initial value problem?
i) The solution is constant along the characteristics.
ii) The characteristics are straight lines.

## Explain your answers. Note that you don't have to compute any solutions!

## Exercise 3:

Determine a continuous "solution" $u(x, t)$ to the following initial boundary value problem

$$
\begin{array}{lc}
u_{t}+u_{x}=x, & x, t>0 \\
u(x, 0)=x & (x \geq 0) \\
u(0, t)=t & (t \geq 0)
\end{array}
$$

using the method of characteristics. To do this, determine the solution to the initial condition $u(x, 0)=x$ and to the boundary condition $u(0, t)=t$ and continuously compose these solutions. Is the solution obtained in this way partially differentiable for all $x, t \geq 0$ ?
Voluntary additional task: If you like, you can do the task too using the Laplace transformation with respect to the variable $t$. For the transformation $x$ is used as a parameter. In the image space, an initial value problem and an ordinary differential equation are to be solved with respect to for $x$.

