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Analysis III for Engineering Students

Homework sheet 6

Exercise 1:

a) Given a set

$$D := \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^2 : \frac{y^2}{2} - 2 \le x \le 4 - y^2 \right\}$$

Sketch the set D and determine the center of mass of D with the uniform mass density (mass/unit area) $\rho = 2$.

Hint: It holds

Mass: $M = \int_{D} \rho(\mathbf{x}) d\mathbf{x}$

Center of mass: $X_s = \frac{1}{M} \int_D \rho(\mathbf{x}) \mathbf{x} d\mathbf{x}$ (componentwise)

b) Let $K := \{(x, y, z)^T \in \mathbb{R}^3 : x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \le 1, z \ge 0\}$. Compute

$$\int_K (y^2 - x^2) d(x, y, z)$$

Hint:

- To reduce the amount of work one can use spherical coordinate system.

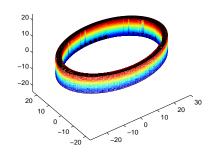
- It holds $\cos(2t) = \cos^2(t) - \sin^2(t)$.

Exercise 2:

Given is the elliptical pipe section

$$R \subset \mathbb{R}^3$$
, $R: 81 \le \left(\frac{x}{3}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y}{2}\right)^2 \le 100$, $-5 \le z \le 5$.

The piece of pipe has the constant density ρ .



Compute the volume, mass and moment of inertia of the pipe section with respect to the y- axis using integration. Use elliptical cylindrical coordinates

$$x = 3r\cos(\varphi), y = 2r\sin(\varphi), z = z.$$

Hint:

$$\cos^2(\phi) = \frac{\cos(2\phi) + 1}{2}.$$

Since we do not use a calculator, there is no need to calculate the precise final value. It is sufficient to only insert the integration limits into the calculated root functions.

Submission deadline: 10.01.-14.01.22