## Homework 12 (due Monday 26 November)

Prove Example 49.2.3 from the lecture notes.

**Example 49.2.3:** Let T be an  $\omega$ -consistent<sup>1</sup> extension of N, and let C be the set of all Gödel numbers of theorems of T, i.e.

$$C := \{ n \mid n = \lceil \phi \rceil \text{ for some } \phi \text{ such that } T \vdash \phi \}$$

Prove that C is creative. [30pts]

HINT: Let *m* be the Gödel number of the formula  $\phi(x_1) \equiv \exists y \ \tau(\underline{x}, x_1, y)$ , where  $\tau$  represents Kleene's T-predicate as in 49.2.2. (Kleene's T-predicate is the relation T(e, x, y) which holds iff *y* codes the computation of Turing machine with index *e*, on input *x*. Cf. Theorem 1.4.3.) Clearly *m* can be computed from *x*; and if  $W_x \subseteq \overline{C}$ , then  $Sub(m, m) \in \overline{X} - W_x$ .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>A theory T in the language of arithmetic is  $\omega$ -consistent if for every  $\phi(x)$  the following holds: if for every  $n \in \omega$  we have  $T \vdash \phi(\underline{n})$ , then  $T \nvDash \exists x \neg \phi(x)$ .