

## Graph Theory 2

*extra set*

due February 16th, 10am

<https://bit.ly/3tGonps>

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**Exercise 1** [1 point]

Can the tree-width of a subdivision of a graph  $G$  be smaller than the tree-width of  $G$ ? Can it be larger?

**Exercise 2** [1 point]

Determine the tree-width of cliques, cycles, trees, and grids. (For the lower bound for grids you may use the duality theorem of Seymour and Thomas.)

**Exercise 3** [1 point]

Show that every triangle-free graph  $G = (V, E)$  with minimum degree  $\delta(G) > 2|V|/5$  is bipartite and show that  $2/5$  is optimal for that assertion.

**Exercise 4** [1 point]

Determining the chromatic number of a graph  $G = (V, E)$  and finding an optimal colouring are NP-complete problems. In fact, already deciding if  $\chi(G) = 3$  is NP-complete. Roughly speaking, this means that it is not expected that there is an algorithm that solves these problems with a running time polynomial in  $|V|$ .

- (i) Describe a polynomial time algorithm that determines if a graph  $G$  is bipartite and which outputs a 2-colouring if  $\chi(G) \leq 2$ .
- (ii) Describe an algorithm that given a 3-chromatic graph  $G = (V, E)$ , finds a  $10\sqrt{|V|}$ -colouring in polynomial time.

Prove the correctness and explain the running time of your algorithms.