## Exercise sheet \# 09 <br> Algebraic Geometry SS 2018

(Ingo Runkel)

Exercise 35 (4 P)
Theorem 3.3.3 states that for a projective variety $Y$ we have $\mathcal{O}(Y) \cong k$. Does this statement remain true if

1. one considers quasi-projective varieties instead?
2. one considers a closed subset $Y$ of $\mathbb{P}^{n}$ which is not necessarily irreducible?
3. one takes the field to be $\mathbb{R}$ and $Y=\mathbb{P}_{\mathbb{R}}^{1}$ ?

## Background on morphisms

Let $X, Y$ be varieties. A morphism from $X$ to $Y$ is a continuous map $\phi: X \rightarrow Y$ such that for ever open set $V \subset Y$ and every regular function $f: V \rightarrow k$ also the function $\phi^{*} f:=\left.f \circ \phi\right|_{U}: U \rightarrow k$, with $U:=\phi^{-1}(V) \subset X$, is regular.
Accordingly, an isomorphism between two varieties $X$ and $Y$ is a bijection $\phi$ : $X \rightarrow Y$ such that $\phi$ and $\phi^{-1}$ are morphisms in the above sense.

Exercise 36 (8 P)

1. Show that the coordinate charts $\varphi_{i}: U_{i} \rightarrow \mathbb{A}^{n}$ of $\mathbb{P}^{n}$ are isomorphisms of varieties.
2. Show that for a morphism $\phi: X \rightarrow Y$, precomposing with $\phi$ induces an algebra homomorphism $\phi_{p}^{*}: \mathcal{O}_{\phi(p), Y} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{p, X}$.
3. Show that isomorphic varieties have isomorphic rings of regular functions, isomorphic local rings and isomorphic function fields.
4. For affine varieties $X, Y$, in section 1.5 we considered polynomial maps from $X$ to $Y$. Show that a map $f: X \rightarrow Y$ is a polynomial map iff it is a morphism of varieties in the above sense.
Remark: This shows in particular that the notion of isomorphism for affine varieties defined in section 1.5 agrees with notion defined above.
5. Let $X, Y$ be varieties and let $f: X \rightarrow k$ and $\phi: X \rightarrow Y$ be maps. Let $\left\{U_{\alpha}\right\}$ be a open cover of $X$.
Show that $f$ is regular iff $\left.f\right|_{U_{\alpha}}$ is regular for all $\alpha$. Show that $\phi$ is a morphism iff $\left.\phi\right|_{U_{\alpha}}$ is a morphism for all $\alpha$.

## Please turn over.

## Exercise 37 (4 P)

Let $X, Y$ be varieties and $\phi: X \rightarrow Y$ a morphism. Show that the following are equivalent:

1. $\phi$ is an isomorphism.
2. $\phi$ is an homeomorphism, and for all $p \in X$ the algebra homomorphism $\phi_{p}^{*}: \mathcal{O}_{\phi(p), Y} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{p, X}$ from exercise 35 part 2 is an isomorphism.

## Exercise 38 (8 P)

Consider the map $F: \mathbb{P}^{n} \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^{N}$ from exercise 34 .

1. Show that $F$ is a homeomorphism onto its image.
2. Show that $F$ is an isomorphism of varieties onto its image.
3. Consider the map $F$ for $n=1, d=2$, i.e. $F: \mathbb{P}^{1} \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^{2},\left(p_{0}: p_{1}\right) \mapsto\left(p_{0}^{2}\right.$ : $\left.p_{0} p_{1}: p_{1}^{2}\right)$. Let $X=\mathbb{P}^{1}$ and $Y=\operatorname{im}(F)$. Show that $S(X) \nsubseteq S(Y)$.
Remark: Since by part $2, X$ and $Y$ are isomorphic, this provides an example that the homogeneous coordinate ring is not invariant under isomorphisms of projective varieties.
