

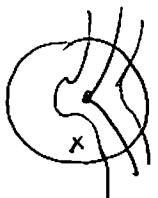
François LoeserMotivic Milnor fibreS1. Milnor fibre

$f: X \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  non constant,  $X$  smooth, d-dim'l, connected, cplx. var.  
 $x \in X, f(x) = 0$ .

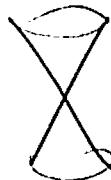
- $f$  smooth at  $x$ :  $f$  /x. const.



- $f$  sing. at  $x$ :  $d(f/x) = 0$



~ vanishing cycle, e.g.



$$x^2 + y^2 = 0$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = c \neq 0$$

Thm (Milnor)

If  $0 < y \ll \epsilon \ll 1$  then  $\tilde{f}: D(x, \epsilon) \cap \tilde{f}^{-1}(D(0, y) \setminus \{0\}) \rightarrow D(0, y)^*$  ( $= D \setminus \{0\}$ )  
 is a fibration w.r.t. cplx. topol.

Def. Milnor fibre  $\mathcal{F}_x = \mathcal{F}_{\epsilon, y} := \tilde{f}^{-1}(y)$  + automorphism  $\eta_x$  on  $\mathcal{F}_x$ .

$\eta_x \in H^i(\mathcal{F}_x, \mathbb{Q})$ . [proved by Milnor only for isolated singlty].

Expl.  $(x^2 + y^3 = 0) \cap S(0, \epsilon)$  is a trefoil knot.

A la Deligne:

	$\tilde{X}^* \rightarrow X \leftarrow X_0$	$\tilde{D}^* \rightarrow D \leftarrow D^*$ univ. cover
	$\downarrow f \downarrow$	$X_0 = f^{-1}(0)$
	$D^* \xrightarrow{i} D \hookrightarrow \{0\}$	$\tilde{X}^* = X_0 \times_{D^*} \tilde{D}^*$

$\mathcal{F}$  (canstr. sheaf) /  $X$  (or  $\in \mathcal{I}_{\text{canstr}}^b(X)$ )

One considers  $i^* Rj_* j^* \mathcal{F} = R\psi \mathcal{F}$ ; has monodromy tf.  $M$  [induced by Dech]

Exercise:  $(R\psi \mathbb{C})_x \simeq H^q(\mathcal{F}_x)$ ,  $M$ -equiv. iso.

Natural triangle  $i^*F \rightarrow R\psi F \rightarrow R\phi F$

(FL2)

↪ vanishing cycle functor.

Monodromy theorem: The monodromy action on  $H^q(F)$  is quasi-unipotent:

Eigenvalues are roots of unity (Jordan blocks of size  $\leq q+1$ ).

$[h: Y \rightarrow X$  log resolution of  $(X, X_0)$ ,  $Y$  smooth,  $h$  proper,  $h^{-1}(X_0)$  NCD,  
 $h$  an isom outside  $h^{-1}(X_0)$ .]

On  $Y$  consider  $g := f \circ h$ . Is locally monomial, so monodromy action on  $R\psi_{g_*} \mathbb{Q}_Y$  is finite.  $R\psi_{f_*} \mathbb{Q}_X = R_{h_*} R\psi_g \mathbb{Q}_Y$ . implies statement by exercise in derived homsheaf.

## §2. Milnor fiber

If  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $\mathcal{L}_n(X)(\mathbb{C}) := X(\mathbb{C}[[t]]/t^{n+1})$

$\mathcal{L}(X)(\mathbb{C}) := X(\mathbb{C}[[t]])$

Expl:  $X = V(F)$ ,  $F = F(x_0, \dots, x_n)$ .

$$x_i(t) = \sum_{j \geq 0} a_{ij} t^j, \quad a_{ij} \in \mathbb{C}$$

Now expand  $F(x_0(t), \dots, x_n(t)) = \sum_l F_l(a_i) t^l$ .

$\mathcal{L}(X)$  is defined by  $F_l(-) = 0 \forall l$ . (infinitely many eqns in infinitely many vars).

$X$  smooth  $\Rightarrow \mathcal{L}_n(X) \rightarrow X$  is a fibration with fibre  $\mathbb{A}^{\text{hol}}$ .

$\bar{K}_0(\text{Var}) :=$  quotient of free abelian group of isom. classes of (pplx. Var's.) modulo a.t and paste:  $[X] = [X'] + [X \setminus X']$ ,  $X' \subset X$  closed.

Variants:  $K_0(\text{Var}_S)$ : version over  $S$ .

Equiv. version:  $G$  alg. group.  $G$  acts trivially on  $S$ ,  $G \xrightarrow{S} X$  (7.3)

$K_0(\text{Var}_S^G)$  additional relation:  $A \xrightarrow{X} A'$   $A$  and  $A'$  affine bolls over  $X$   
lift the same  $G$ -action on  $X$  of the same rank  
then  $[A \rightarrow S] = [A' \rightarrow S]$  in  $K_0(\text{Var}_S^G)$ .

[cf. Toen]

$$X \xrightarrow{f} \mathbb{C}$$

Fact: There are (at least) three different connections of  $\mathcal{L}_n(x)$  with the monodromy.

Consider:  $\mathcal{Y}_n := \{\varphi \in \mathcal{L}_n(X) \mid f(\varphi) = e^{2\pi i \cdot \dots}\}$ ,  $\mathcal{X}_{n,x} := \{\varphi \in \mathcal{X}_n \mid \varphi(0) = x\}$ .

Thm: (Denit-L.) If  $n \geq 1$   $\text{Eul}(\mathcal{X}_{n,x}) = \text{tr}(H_x^n, H^*(F_x))$ .

Rem: Cf. with other cohomology? ( $\rightarrow$  Seidel).

Pf: Compute both sides on a resolution  $b: Y \rightarrow X$ ,

Challenge: Find a geometric (or physics) proof.

$\mu_n$ :  $n$ -th root of unity,  $\hat{\mu} := \lim_{\leftarrow} \mu_n$ .

$$K_0(\text{Var}_S^{\hat{\mu}}) := \varprojlim_n K_0(\text{Var}_S^{\mu_n})$$

Now  $\mathcal{Y}_n$  is endowed with a  $\mu_n$ -action.

$\mathbb{C}^*$  acts on  $\mathcal{L}(X)$ ,  $\mathcal{L}_n(x) : \varphi(t) \mapsto \varphi(2t)$ .

Def: Motivic zeta-fct:  $\boxed{\zeta(T) := \sum_{n \geq 1} [\mathcal{Y}_n] T^n \in K_0(\text{Var}_{X_0}^{\hat{\mu}})[[T]]}$

For  $n \geq 1$   $\mathcal{X}_n \rightarrow X_0 = f^{-1}(0)$ .

Ihm: (Denef-L.)  $Z_f(T)$  is a ratio f.t. of  $T$ . ( $\rightarrow$  talk II). FL4

Monodromy conjecture: Let  $t$  be a ratio number. If  $\mathcal{U}^t$  is a pole of  $Z_f(t)$  ( $\mathcal{U} = A_S^1$  in  $K_0(\text{Var}_S^\mu)$  with trivial action) then  $\exp(2\pi i r)$  is an eigenvalue of monodromy acting on the cohomology of  $H^q(F_x)$ , some  $x \in X_0$ , some  $q$ .