## DIFFERENTIAL TOPOLOGY

## Problem Set 12

- 1. Prove that if V is a finite-dimensional real vector space that admits a nondegenerate skewsymmetric bilinear form, then V must have even dimension.
- 2. a) Prove that if  $f: M \to N$  is a map of nonzero degree between closed oriented manifolds of equal dimension, then the induced map

$$f^*: H^*(N) \to H^*(M)$$

on de Rham cohomology is injective.

- b) Prove that if  $\Sigma_g$  and  $\Sigma_h$  are closed oriented surfaces with genus g and h respectively, then there exists a smooth map  $f: \Sigma_g \to \Sigma_h$  of nonzero degree if and only if  $g \ge h$ .
- **3.** Let  $\pi : E \to M$  be an oriented vector bundle of rank k over a closed oriented manifold of dimension n. We define the (real) Euler class of E as

$$e(E) := \iota^*([\tau]) \in H^k(M),$$

where  $\iota: M \to E$  is the embedding as the zero section and  $[\tau] \in H_c^k(E)$  is the Thom class. Prove the following assertions:

- **a)** If E admits a nonvanishing section, then e(E) = 0.
- **b)** If E is the pull-back of some other bundle  $F \to N$  by a map  $f: M \to N$ , then  $e(E) = f^*(e(F))$ .
- c) If  $E = E_1 \oplus E_2$ , then  $e(E) = e(E_1) \cup e(E_2)$ , where  $\cup : H^*(M) \times H^*(M) \to H^*(M)$  is the cup product, i.e. the multiplication induced from the wedge product of forms.
- d) If  $\eta \in \Omega^n(M)$  is any representative of e(TM), then

$$\int_M \eta = \chi(M),$$

the Euler characteristic of M.