

SYMPLECTIC HOMOLOGY

Problem Set 4

1. Express the conditions for a compatible almost complex structure on the symplectization of a contact manifold (V, α) to be convex in the coordinates where the symplectization is given by $(\mathbb{R} \times V, d(e^s \alpha))!$

2. We view \mathbb{C} as the completion of the ball $\overline{B(0, 1)}$, viewed as a Liouville domain with Liouville form $\lambda = \frac{1}{2}(x dy - y dx)$, and consider the family of Hamiltonians $H_b : \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ given as

$$H_b(z) = b|z|^2 - b.$$

- a) Prove that these Hamiltonians are linear with slope b according to our definitions (this involves writing out the explicit parametrization of the cylindrical end)!
- b) What conditions do we have to impose on b in order for H_b to have only nondegenerate 1-periodic orbits? How many 1-periodic orbits are there for such an admissible $b \in (0, \infty)$?
- c) Compute $HF_*(H_b, J_0)$ for such Hamiltonians (where J_0 is the standard almost complex structure, i.e. multiplication by i)! Pay special attention to gradings!
- d) How much of this discussion generalizes to \mathbb{C}^n ?

3. a) Prove that for any smooth closed manifold Q the first Chern class of its cotangent bundle $(T^*Q, \omega_{\text{can}})$ vanishes!

*Hint: Write $T^*Q|_Q$ as the complexification of a real vector bundle, and then check what the literature says about Chern classes of such bundles.*

b) Prove that for any regular level set $f^{-1}(c) \subset \mathbb{C}^N$ of a holomorphic function $f : \mathbb{C}^N \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ the first Chern class vanishes! How does this generalize to complex submanifolds of higher codimension?

4. Let (W, λ) be a Liouville domain and let $(\widehat{W}, \widehat{\lambda})$ be its completion. Suppose $H^\pm : \widehat{W} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ are linear Hamiltonians with slopes $b^- \geq b^+$ on $[r_0, \infty) \times (\partial W)$, where b^\pm are both not in the action spectrum of $\lambda|_{\partial W}$. Prove that the image of a continuation cylinder as defined in the lecture (in particular, $H_{s,t}$ has slope $b(s)$ on $[r_0, \infty) \times (\partial W)$ with $b'(s) \leq 0$) cannot intersect $[r_0, \infty) \times (\partial W)$, by adapting the proof given in the lecture for Floer cylinders of a single linear Hamiltonian!