## Practice exercises for Monday 29 October

1. Prove the following in detail: if  $\phi$  and  $\psi$  are formulas such that  $\mathsf{ZFC}^* \vdash \phi \leftrightarrow \psi$  and  $\psi$  is  $\Delta_0$ , then  $\phi$  is absolute for transitive models M such that  $M \models \mathsf{ZFC}^*$ . Here  $\mathsf{ZFC}^*$  denotes some sufficiently large fragment of  $\mathsf{ZFC}$ .

Note: this means that when you show that  $\phi$  is "equivalent" to a  $\Delta_0$ -formula, you need to be careful how this equivalence is proved! If M does not satisfy sufficiently much of ZFC to prove this "equivalence", then  $\phi$  might fail to be absolute for M even though it is (in ZFC) equivalent to a  $\Delta_0$ -formula.

- 2. We want to show that the statement: "the relation R on A is well-founded" is absolute for transitive models M of  $\mathsf{ZFC}^*$  (where  $\mathsf{ZFC}^*$  is anything sufficient to prove Lemma 1 below.)
  - (a) **Lemma 1.** (A, R) is well-founded iff there exists a rank function, *i.e.*, a mapping  $rk : A \to Ord$  such that  $aRb \to rk(a) < rk(b)$ .
  - (b) Show that "(A, R) is well-founded" is a  $\Pi_1$ -statement.
  - (c) Show that "(A, R) is well-founded" is ZFC<sup>\*</sup>-equivalent to a  $\Sigma_1$ -statement.
  - (d) Formulas which are both (equivalent to)  $\Sigma_1$  and  $\Pi_1$  and called  $\Delta_1$ . Since they are both downwards- and upwards-absolute, they are absolute for transitive models (which can prove this equivalent).