

Geometric engineering: counting bundles in two and three dimensions

Abstract:

"Geometric engineering, an idea originating in string theory based on the well-known identity $2 \times 2 + 2 \times 3 = 10$, gives a correspondence between certain algebro-geometric spaces in two and three complex dimensions. It predicts a surprising equality between partition functions, generating series which count bundles (and more generally torsion-free sheaves) on the spaces involved. I will discuss some of the mathematical ideas going into the construction, mainly in the simplest example corresponding to the gauge group $U(1)$, and indicate how one might promote the equality of functions to an isomorphism of vector spaces."