## EXERCISES, COMPLEX GEOMETRY, UNIVERSITY OF HAMBURG, WINTER SEMESTER 2015/2016

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## Sheet 9

**Exercise 1.** (compare [2, Ex. 1.2.2]) Show that the decomposition  $\bigwedge^k V^* = \bigoplus_{i \ge 0} L^i P^{k-2i}$  is orthogonal with respect to the Hodge-Riemann pairing.

**Exercise 2.** (compare [2, Ex. 1.2.10]) Let  $x_1, y_1 = I(x_1), \ldots, x_n, y_n = I(x_n)$  be an orthonormal basis of a euclidian vector space V which is endowed with a compatible almost complex structure I. Let  $\alpha$  be a two form. Show that  $\Lambda(\alpha) = \sum_i \alpha(x_i, y_i)$ .

**Exercise 3.** [2, Ex. 2.6.1] Show that every complex manifold admits a hermitian structure.

## References

- [1] R. Hartshorne, Algebraic geometry, Springer, New York, 1977.
- [2] D. Huybrechts, Complex geometry: An introduction, Springer, Berlin (2005).
- [3] M. Kashiwara and P. Shapira, *Sheaves on manifolds*, Springer, Berlin (1994).
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