

# Exercises in Algebra (master): Homological Algebra

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## Exercise sheet no 2

for the exercise class on the 25th of April 2018

### 1 (Project modules and dual bases)

Let  $R$  be a ring. Prove that an  $R$ -module  $P$  is projective if and only if there exist elements  $p_i, i \in I$ , with  $p_i \in P$  for some indexing set  $I$  and  $R$ -linear maps  $\varphi_i \in \text{Hom}_R(P, R)$  for  $i \in I$  such that

- For all  $x \in P$ ,  $\varphi_i(x) = 0$  for almost all  $i \in I$ .
- For all  $x \in P$ ,  $x = \sum_{i \in I} \varphi_i(x)p_i$ .

**2** (Morita equivalence) Let  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  be two rings. Let  $M$  be a left  $R_1$ -module and a right  $R_2$ -module. Recall that we call  $M$  an  $R_1$ - $R_2$ -bimodule if for all  $r_1 \in R_1$ ,  $r_2 \in R_2$  and all  $m \in M$

$$(r_1 m)r_2 = r_1(mr_2).$$

The rings  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  are called *Morita equivalent*, if there is an  $R_1$ - $R_2$ -bimodule  $P$  and an  $R_2$ - $R_1$ -bimodule  $Q$  such that  $Q \otimes_{R_1} P \cong R_2$  as  $R_2$ - $R_2$ -bimodules and  $P \otimes_{R_2} Q \cong R_1$  as  $R_1$ - $R_1$ -bimodules.

- Show that  $P$  is projective as a left  $R_1$ -module and as a right  $R_2$ -module.
- Prove that any ring  $R$  is Morita equivalent to the ring  $M_n(R)$  of  $n \times n$ -matrices over  $R$ .

### 3 (Injective abelian groups)

- Prove that an abelian group  $A$  is injective if and only if it is divisible, *i.e.*, for all  $0 \neq n \in \mathbb{Z}$  the map  $\cdot n: A \rightarrow A$  is surjective.
- Let  $A$  be a finitely generated abelian group. Construct an injective abelian group  $I$  together with a monomorphism  $i: A \rightarrow I$ . (Such injective modules together with such monomorphisms exist in broader generality.)