

Infinite graphs

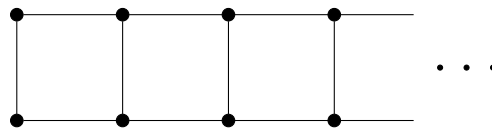
Sheet 1

Besprechung am 23.10.2023

1. Find continuum sized families of countable graphs such that:
 - (i) all of them are pairwise non-isomorphic.
 - (ii) none of them is a subgraph of another.
 - (iii) for every two of them, one is a subgraph of the other but not the other way around.
 - (iv) all of them are pairwise non-isomorphic but every graph is a subgraph of every other graph in this family.
2. Can you make all graphs in the previous exercise locally finite trees?
- 3 (**Written exercise**). All locally finite, connected graphs are countable.
4. Show that there are only countably many non-isomorphic finite graphs.
5. Prove that every collection of disjoint homeomorphic copies of T 's in the plane is countable.

The last exercise implies that infinite planar graphs have only countably many vertices of degree ≥ 3 .

6. Show that the chromatic number of $G_1(\mathbb{R}^2)$ is at least 4 and at most 7.
7. Consider the one-way infinite ladder as follows:



Describe an enumeration $\{e_n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}$ of its edge set such that the algorithm 'deleting the next edge e_{n+1} as long as the graph stays connected' fails to produce a spanning tree.

8. Construct, for any given $k \in \mathbb{N}$, a planar k -connected graph. Can you construct one whose girth is also at least k ? Can you construct an infinitely connected planar graph?

Hints

1. (i) Use Sheet 0 Exercise 1.
(ii) Use Sheet 0 Exercise 1.
(iii) Use Sheet 0 Exercise 3 (ii).
(iv) –
2. –
3. Use Sheet 0 Exercise 2 (i).
4. Use Sheet 0 Exercise 2 (i) or (iii).
5. Use Sheet 0 Exercise 2 (ii) and the fact that \mathbb{Q} is countable.
6. –
7. –
8. Construct the graph inductively, starting from a vertex or a cycle. To ensure that the final graph has high connectivity, join each new vertex by many edges to the infinite set of vertices yet to be defined.