Algebraic geometry II Winter 2015/16

## Toric varieties II

## Exercise 1.

Let  $\Sigma, \Sigma'$  be fans in  $N_{\mathbb{R}}$  and  $N'_{\mathbb{R}}$ , respectively, with toric varieties  $X(\Sigma), X(\Sigma')$ . Let  $\varphi \colon \Sigma \to \Sigma'$  be a morphism of fans. Let  $\Phi \colon X(\Sigma) \to X(\Sigma')$  be the induced morphism.

- i.  $\Phi$  is a closed immersion if and only if for all  $\sigma' \in \Sigma'$  there is a  $\sigma \in \Sigma$  with  $\varphi^{-1}(\sigma') = \sigma$  such that  $(\sigma')^{\vee} \cap M' \to \sigma^{\vee} \cap M$  is surjective.
- ii.  $\Phi$  is dominant if and only if N'/N is a torsion group.

## Exercise 2.

Let  $\Sigma, \Sigma'$  be fans in  $N_{\mathbb{R}}$  and  $N'_{\mathbb{R}}$ , respectively. Let  $\varphi \colon N \to N'$  be a surjective  $\mathbb{Z}$ -linear morphism inducing a morphism of fans  $\varphi \colon \Sigma \to \Sigma'$ . Consider the exact sequence

$$0 \to N_0 \to N \to N' \to 0.$$

Define  $\Sigma_0 = \{ \sigma \in \Sigma \mid \sigma \subset (N_0)_{\mathbb{R}} \}.$ 

- i. Check that  $\Sigma_0$  is a fan in  $(N_0)_{\mathbb{R}}$ .
- ii. Let  $\sigma, \sigma'$  be cones in  $N_{\mathbb{R}}$  and  $N'_{\mathbb{R}}$  respectively, such that  $\varphi$  maps  $\sigma$  bijectively onto  $\sigma'$ . Prove that  $\varphi: N \to N'$  has a splitting  $\mu$  such that  $\mu$  maps  $\sigma'$  to  $\sigma$ .

**Exercise** 3. In the situation of exercise 2, the fan  $\Sigma$  is *split* by  $\Sigma'$  and  $\Sigma_0$  if there is a subfan  $\hat{\Sigma} \subset \Sigma$  such that :

- i.  $\varphi$  maps each cone  $\hat{\sigma} \in \hat{\Sigma}$  bijectively to a cone  $\sigma' \in \Sigma'$  such that  $\varphi(\hat{\sigma} \cap N) = \sigma' \cap N'$ . Moreover,  $\hat{\sigma} \to \sigma'$  is a bijection  $\hat{\Sigma} \to \Sigma'$ .
- ii. Given cones  $\hat{\sigma} \in \hat{\Sigma}$  and  $\sigma_0 \in \Sigma_0$ , the sum  $\hat{\sigma} + \sigma_0$  lies in  $\Sigma$ , and every cone of  $\Sigma$  arises this way.

Show that if  $\Sigma$  is split, then  $X(\Sigma')$  has a cover by affine open subsets U such that

$$\Phi^{-1}(U) \cong X(\Sigma_0) \times U.$$

Deduce that all fibres of  $X(\Sigma) \to X(\Sigma')$  are isomorphic to  $X(\Sigma_0)$ .

**Exercise** 4. Let r be a nonnegative integer. The fan  $\Sigma_r$  in  $N_{\mathbb{R}} = \mathbb{R}^2$  given by the four cones  $\operatorname{cone}(-e_1 + re_2, e_2), \operatorname{cone}(-e_1 + re_2, -e_2), \operatorname{cone}(e_2, e_1), \operatorname{cone}(e_1, -e_2)$  defines a toric variety, the Hirzebruch surface  $\mathcal{H}_r$ .

- i. Show that  $\mathcal{H}_0 \cong \mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1$ . Show that there is no toric isomorphism  $\mathcal{H}_r \cong \mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1$  for r > 0.
- ii. Check that the projection on the first factor  $\pi_1 \colon \mathbb{Z}^2 \to \mathbb{Z}$  determines a toric morphism  $\mathcal{H}_r \to \mathbb{P}^1$ .

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iii. Find a fan  $\Sigma_0$  such that  $\Sigma_r$  is split by the fan of  $\mathbb{P}^1$  and  $\Sigma_0$ . Deduce that  $\mathcal{H}_r$  is a locally trivial fibration over  $\mathbb{P}^1$ .