Algebraic geometry II Winter 2015/16

## Toric varieties I

## Exercise 1.

Let d be a positive integer and  $e_1, e_2$  the standard basis of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ . Show that the toric variety  $U_{\sigma}$  determined by the cone  $\sigma = (de_1 - e_2, e_2)$  is isomorphic to  $\text{Spec}[X_0, \ldots, X_d]/I$  where I is the ideal generated by the  $2 \times 2$  minors of

$$\begin{pmatrix} X_0 & \dots & X_{d-1} \\ X_1 & \dots & X_d \end{pmatrix}$$

This variety is known as the rational normal cone.

## Exercise 2.

Classify all the 1-dimensional toric varieties.

## Exercise 3.

i. Let  $\sigma$  be a cone in N and  $\sigma'$  a cone in N'. Show that  $\sigma \times \sigma'$  is a cone in  $N \oplus N'$  and construct an isomorphism

$$U_{\sigma \times \sigma'} \cong U_{\sigma} \times U'_{\sigma}$$

ii. Let  $\Sigma, \Sigma'$  be fans in  $N_{\mathbb{R}}$  and  $N'_{\mathbb{R}}$ . Show:

$$\Sigma \times \Sigma' := \{ \sigma \times \sigma' \mid \sigma \in \Sigma, \sigma' in \Sigma' \}$$

is a fan in  $N_{\mathbb{R}} \times N'_{\mathbb{R}}$ . Also, show

$$X(\Sigma \times \Sigma') \cong X(\Sigma) \times X(\Sigma').$$

**Exercise** 4. Let  $S = C \cap M$ ,  $A = k[T_1, T_1^{-1}, \ldots, T_n, T_n^{-1}]$ . Suppose A = k[M] with  $M = \mathbb{Z}S$ . The action  $\alpha$  of the torus  $\mathbb{G}_m^n = \operatorname{Spec}(A)$  on the affine toric variety  $U = \operatorname{Spec}(k[S])$  is given by a morphism

$$\alpha: \mathbb{G}_m^n \times U \to U$$

satisfying a number of axioms. These can also be stated in terms of the coaction

$$\rho: k[S] \to k[S] \otimes A$$

of  $\alpha$ . We require

$$(id_A \otimes \epsilon) \circ \rho = id_A$$

and

$$(id_A \otimes \triangle) \circ \rho = (\rho \otimes id_A) \circ \rho$$

Here,  $\triangle$  is the comultiplication given by  $\triangle = \mu^* \otimes \cdots \otimes \mu^*$ , where  $\mu^*: k[T, T^{-1}] \to k[T, T^{-1}] \otimes k[T, T^{-1}]$ 

is the comultiplication on the factors of  $\mathbb{G}_m^n$  and is given by  $\mu^*(T) = T \otimes T$ . Similarly,  $\epsilon$  is the product  $e^* \otimes \cdots \otimes e^*$  of the counits  $e^* : k[T, T^{-1}] \to k$  given by  $e^*(T) = 1$ . Check that the algebra homomorphism  $k[S] \to k[M] \otimes k[S]$  given by  $\chi^m \to \chi^m \otimes \chi^m$  is a

coaction. This is the algebra homomorphism defining the torus action.