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Universität Hamburg Janko Latschev Pavel Hájek

Symplectic Geometry

Problem Set 4

- **1.** Prove that for every point $x \in B^{2n}(0,1)$ there exists a Hamiltonian diffeomorphism $\varphi : (\mathbb{R}^{2n}, \omega_{\rm rs}) \to (\mathbb{R}^{2n}, \omega_{\rm st})$ with $\operatorname{supp} \varphi \subseteq B^{2n}(0,1)$ such that $\varphi(0) = x$.
- 2. Give examples of closed submanifolds of $T^4 = \mathbb{R}^4/\mathbb{Z}^4$ which are isotropic or coisotropic or Lagrangian or symplectic with respect to the standard symplectic structure $\omega_{st} = dx_1 \wedge dy_1 + dx_2 \wedge dy_2$ on T^4 ! Can you find some that are not tori?
- **3.** Let (M, ω) be a symplectic manifold and $S \subset M$ a closed oriented hypersurface.
 - a) Prove that

$$L := TS^{\perp_{\omega}} = \{ v \in TS \mid \omega(v, w) = 0 \text{ for all } w \in TS \text{ with } \pi(v) = \pi(w) \}$$

is a 1-dimensional subbundle of $TS \xrightarrow{\pi} S$ which inherits an orientation from S.

b) Prove that if $S = H^{-1}(c)$ for a regular value $c \in \mathbb{R}$ of a function $H : M \to \mathbb{R}$, then the restriction of X_H to S is a section of L.

Any one-dimensional subbundle of the tangent bundle of a manifold S is integrable, i.e. it is tangent to a family of 1-dimensional submanifolds of S. In the situation above, this family consists of the flow lines of X_H as in **b**). It is called the characteristic foliation of the hypersurface $S \subset (M, \omega)$.

c) Describe the subbundle L and the characteristic foliation for

$$S_{a,b} = \{ (z_1, z_2) \mid \frac{|z_1|^2}{a^2} + \frac{|z_2|^2}{b^2} = 1 \} \subset \mathbb{C}^2 \cong (\mathbb{R}^4, \omega_{\rm st}),$$

where a, b > 0 (Consider the three cases: $a = b, \frac{a}{b} \in \mathbb{Q} \setminus \{1\}$ and $\frac{a}{b} \notin \mathbb{Q}$).

d) Conclude that there is no symplectomorphism $\varphi : (\mathbb{R}^4, \omega_{st}) \to (\mathbb{R}^4, \omega_{st})$ which maps the standard sphere $S^{2n-1} = S_{1,1}$ onto $S_{a,b}$ for $(a, b) \neq (1, 1)$.